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LADAS & PA		AVERY, JEREMIAH L		
	RE BOULEVARD, SUI ES, CA 90036-5679	1E 2100	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2131	
			DATE MAILED: 10/06/2005	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
Office Action Summary	10/049,213	PEARSON ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
The MAN INC DATE of the	Jeremiah Avery	2131				
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply						
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).						
Status						
1)⊠ Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>02/05/02</u> .						
2a) This action is FINAL . 2b) ☑ This action is non-final.						
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is						
closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposition of Claims						
· 4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-44</u> is/are pending in the application.						
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6)⊠ Claim(s) 1-44 is/are rejected.						
7) Claim(s) <u>13,20,22,36 and 41</u> is/are objected to						
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or						
Application Papers						
9)⊠ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.						
10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on <u>02/05/02</u> is/are: a)□ accepted or b)⊠ objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).						
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.						
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12)⊠ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).						
a) ⊠ All b) □ Some * c) □ None of:						
1.⊠ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.						
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No.						
3.☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage						
application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).						
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.						
Attachment(s)						
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 4) Interview Summary (PTO-413)						
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Paper No(s)/Mail Date.						
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 092105. 5) Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152) 6) Other:						
U.S. Patent and Trademark Office						
	tion Summary	Part of Paper No./Mail Date 092105				

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DETAILED ACTION

1. Claims 1-44 have been examined.

Drawings

1. The drawings are objected to because of the mislabeling of Figure 21. The specification lists 21 figures; however among the drawing sheets there is a figure labeled "Fig. 22" which matches the description of Figure 21. Corrected drawing sheets in compliance with 37 CFR 1.121(d) are required in reply to the Office action to avoid abandonment of the application. Any amended replacement drawing sheet should include all of the figures appearing on the immediate prior version of the sheet, even if only one figure is being amended. The figure or figure number of an amended drawing should not be labeled as "amended." If a drawing figure is to be canceled, the appropriate figure must be removed from the replacement sheet, and where necessary, the remaining figures must be renumbered and appropriate changes made to the brief description of the several views of the drawings for consistency. Additional replacement sheets may be necessary to show the renumbering of the remaining figures. Each drawing sheet submitted after the filing date of an application must be labeled in the top margin as either "Replacement Sheet" or "New Sheet" pursuant to 37 CFR 1.121(d). If the changes are not accepted by the examiner, the applicant will be notified and informed of any required corrective action in the next Office action. The objection to the drawings will not be held in abeyance.

Specification

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2. The abstract of the disclosure is objected to because it contains more than one paragraph. Also, on line 19, the inclusion of the solitary label "Figure 20" within the abstract is improper. Correction is required. See MPEP § 608.01(b).

- 3. The disclosure is objected to because it contains an embedded hyperlink and/or other form of browser-executable code. [The aforementioned hyperlink is: http://www.cl.cam.ac.uk/~mgk25/tamper.html, located on page 10, line 15.] Applicant is required to delete the embedded hyperlink and/or other form of browser-executable code. See MPEP § 608.01.
- 4. The use of the trademark "Windows NT" has been noted in this application.

 Although the use of trademarks is permissible in patent applications, the proprietary nature of the marks should be respected and every effort made to prevent their use in any manner which might adversely affect their validity as trademarks.

Claim Objections

- 5. Claims 13 and 36 are objected to because of the following informalities: punctuation errors. At the end of the first limitation in each of the claims, there is no semicolon. Also, there is no period at the end of each of the claims. Appropriate correction is required.
- 6. Claim 14 is objected to because of the following informalities: punctuation error.

 In line 3, there is a period after the word "authentication" and next to a comma.

 Appropriate correction is required.

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7. Claims 20 and 41 are objected to because of the following informalities: punctuation error. At the end of the fourth limitation in claim 20 and at the end of the third limitation in claim 41, there is no semicolon. Appropriate correction is required.

8. Claim 22 is objected to because of the following informalities: the words "the" in line 1 and "wherein" in line 3 are present twice in a row; with only one instance being necessary. Appropriate correction is required.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

Claims 1-15, 18-22, 24, 26-44 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by U.S. Patent No. 5,943,423 to Muftic, hereinafter Muftic.

9. Regarding claims 1, 18 and 27, Muftic discloses a computer system adapted to restrict operations on data, comprising:

a computer platform having a secure operator for checking whether a user of the platform is licensed to perform a requested operation on the data and for enabling use of the data (column 3, lines 46-67, column 4, lines 1-10 and column 5, lines 23-54);

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a portable trusted module containing a user identity, wherein a trusted module is a component adapted to behave in an expected manner and resistant to unauthorized external modification (column 2, lines 28-30, column 3, lines 26-28, 38-42, column 4, lines 6-10 and column 6, lines 32-49);

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[Performing "cryptographic functions and transformations" assists in protecting the contents found in the trusted module ("smart token").] an access profile specifying license permissions of users with respect to the data (column 5, lines 48-54); wherein the secure operator is adapted to check the access profile to determine whether a requested operation is licensed for the user identity contained in the portable trusted module and prevent the requested operation if a license is required and not present (column 5, lines 55-67 and column 6, lines 1-4, 19-31).

- 10. Regarding claims 2 and 28, Muftic discloses wherein the computer platform further comprises a platform trusted module and wherein the platform trusted module and the portable trusted module are adapted for mutual authentication (Figure 1, column 3, lines 46-61, column 5, lines 30-47, column 7, lines 61-67 and column 8, lines 1-23).
- 11. Regarding claims 3, 29 and 42, Muftic discloses wherein some or all of the functionality of the secure operator is within the platform trusted module (column 3, lines 46-67 and column 4, lines 1-5).

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12. Regarding claims 4 and 30, Muftic discloses wherein the access profile is within the computer platform (column 5, lines 30-47).

- 13. Regarding claims 5 and 31, Muftic discloses wherein some or all of the data is within the computer platform and the computer platform further comprises a data protector for checking data integrity before a processor of the computer platform carries out operations on the data (column 3, lines 58-67, column 4, lines 1-5 and column 6, lines 31-31).
- 14. Regarding claim 6, Muftic discloses wherein some or all of the data is within the portable trusted module or in a device containing the portable trusted module and the portable trusted module or the device containing the portable trusted module further comprises a data protector for checking data integrity before a processor of the computer platform carries out operations on the data (column 6, lines 32-42, 47-49).
- 15. Regarding claims 7, 32 and 43, Muftic discloses wherein the data protector is within the relevant trusted module (column 3, lines 46-67, column 4, lines 1-5 and column 6, lines 31-31).
- 16. Regarding claims 8, 33 and 44, Muftic discloses wherein the data protector is adapted to check installation of data and to load a digest of protected data and/or any associated access profile into the relevant trusted component (column 8, lines 61-67, column 9, lines 1-17, 40-57).
- 17. Regarding claims 9 and 34, Muftic discloses wherein the trusted platform is adapted at boot to check the integrity of operation protection code comprising the

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secure operator and, if present, the data protector (column 5, lines 55-67, column 6, lines 1-4 and column 9, lines 7-13).

- 18. Regarding claim 10, Muftic discloses wherein the computer platform further comprises a platform trusted module, and wherein the platform trusted module and the portable trusted module are adapted for mutual authentication and wherein the computer platform is adapted to perform the integrity check by reading and hashing the operation protection code to produce a first hash, reading and decrypting a stored signed version of a secure operation protection code hash using a public key certificate of a third party stored in the platform trusted module to produce a second hash, and comparing the first has and the second hash (Figure 1, column 3, lines 46-61, column 5, lines 30-67, column 6, lines 1-4, column 7, lines 61-67, column 8, lines 1-23, column 15, lines 66 and 67 and column 16, lines 1-15 and 35-46).
- 19. Regarding claim 11, Muftic discloses wherein the portable trusted module contains a user access license specifying access rights to the data associated with the removable trusted module, whereby unless prevented by the access profile, the secure operator is adapted to check the user access license to determine whether a requested operation is licensed for the user identity contained in the portable trusted module (column 2, lines 28-30, column 3, lines 26-28, 38-42, column 4, lines 6-10, column 5, lines 48-67 and column 6, lines 1-4, 19-49).
- 20. Regarding claims 12 and 35, Muftic discloses wherein the computer platform comprises a secure communication path between the platform trusted module and the

operating system of the computer platform (column 5, lines 30-47 and column 8, lines 12-22).

21. Regarding claims 13 and 36, Muftic discloses wherein the computer platform is adapted such that:

the operating system requests a policy check from the secure operator before acting upon the data, by sending the name of the target data plus the intended operation (column 9, lines 47-57 and column 10, lines 38-41); the secure operator checks the restrictions associated with the target data in the access profile, to determine whether the data may be operated upon (column 5, lines 55-67 and column 6, lines 1-4, 19-31); the secure operator checks the proposed usage with the restrictions, and replies to the operating system (column 5, lines 48-54).

22. Regarding claims 14 and 37, Muftic discloses wherein the computer platform further comprises a platform trusted module, wherein the platform trusted module and the portable trusted module are adapted for mutual authentication and wherein some or all of the functionality of the secure operator is within the platform trusted module (Figure 1, column 3, lines 46-67, column 4, lines 1-5, column 5, lines 30-47, column 7, lines 61-67 and column 8, lines 1-23):

wherein on request by the operating system for permission to operate on the data, the secure operator sends a message to the access profile signed with a private key of the platform trusted module, wherein the access profile has access to the public key of the platform trusted module

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and can verify and authenticate the signed message with said public key, whereby if satisfied the access profile sends access profile data to the secure operator whereupon the secure operator tests the access profile data and if appropriate requests the operating system to carry out the operation requested (column 5, lines 48-67, column 6, lines 1-4, 21-31 and column 10, lines 5-20).

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23. Regarding claim 15, Muftic discloses wherein the computer platform further comprises a platform trusted module, and wherein the platform trusted module and the portable trusted module are adapted for mutual authentication, and wherein the computer system further comprises a data protector for checking data integrity before a processor of the computer platform carries out operations on the data (Figure 1, column 3, lines 46-67, column 4, lines 1-5 column 5, lines 30-47, column 6, lines 31-31, column 7, lines 61-67 and column 8, lines 1-23);

wherein the relevant trusted component contains a secure result of a one-way function on the data and associated access profile, and the data protector prevents the operation from being carried out if calculation of the one-way function provides a result different from the secure result (Figure 22, column 5, lines 55-67, column 6, lines 1-4, 21-31 and column 16, lines 35-46).

24. Regarding claim 19, Muftic discloses wherein the operating system of the computer platform is adapted to request a policy check from the access controller before carrying out certain operations on the data, whereupon the access controller

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checks restrictions applying to the data to determine whether the data may be operated on, and replies to the operating system accordingly (column 5, lines 30-67 and column 6, lines 1-4 ad 21-31).

25. Regarding claim 20, Muftic teaches a method of restricting operations on data in a system comprising:

a computer platform having a secure operator for checking whether a user of the platform is licensed to perform a requested operation on the data and for enabling use of the data (column 3, lines 46-67, column 4, lines 1-10 and column 5, lines 23-54);

a portable trusted module containing a user identity, wherein a trusted module is a component adapted to behave in an expected manner and resistant to unauthorized external modification (column 2, lines 28-30, column 3, lines 26-28, 38-42, column 4, lines 6-10 and column 6, lines 32-49);

an access profile specifying license permissions of users with respect to the data (column 5, lines 48-54);

the method comprising a request for a policy check by the operating system of the computer platform to the secure operator before acting upon the data, by sending to the secure operator the name of the target data plus the intended operation (column 9, lines 47-57 and column 10, lines 38-41);

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the secure operator checking the restrictions associated with the target data in the access profile to determine whether the data may be operated upon (column 5, lines 55-67 and column 6, lines 1-4, 19-31); the secure operator checking the proposed usage with the restrictions, and replying to the operating system (column 5, lines 48-54).

- 26. Regarding claim 21, Muftic teaches wherein the computer platform further comprises a platform trusted module, and wherein some or all of the functionality of the secure operator is within the platform trusted module, and whereby on request by the operating system for permission to operate on the data, the secure operator sends a message to the access profile signed with a private key of the platform trusted module, wherein the access profile has access to the public key of the platform trusted module and can verify and authenticate the signed message with said public key, whereby if satisfied the access profile sends access profile data to the secure operator, whereupon the secure operator testes the access profile data and if appropriate requests the operating system to carry out the operation requested (column 3, lines 46-67, column 4, lines 1-5, column 5, lines 48-67, column 6, lines 1-4, 21-31 and column 10, lines 5-20).
- 27. Regarding claim 22, Muftic teaches wherein the computer platform further comprises a data protector for checking data integrity before a processor of the computer platform carries out operations on the data, and wherein the platform trusted component contains a secure result of a one-way function on the data and associated access profile, and the data protector prevents the operation from being carried out if calculation of the one-way function provides a result different from the secure result

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(Figure 22, column 3, lines 58-67, column 4, lines 1-5, column 5, lines 55-67, column 6, lines 1-4, 31-31 and column 16, lines 35-46).

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- 28. Regarding claim 24, Muftic teaches wherein the computer platform comprises a secure communication path between the platform trusted component and the operating system, and whereby the request from the secure operator to the operating system to use the data is provided on the secure communication path (column 5, lines 30-47 and column 8, lines 12-22, 32-34).
- 29. Regarding claim 26, Muftic teaches a method of installing data on to a computer platform for restricted use thereon, the computer platform comprising:

a computer platform having a secure operator for checking whether a user of the platform is licensed to perform a requested operation on the data and for enabling use of the data, a platform trusted module wherein a trusted module is a component adapted to behave in an expected manner and resistant to unauthorized external modification, and a data protector for checking data integrity before a processor of the computer platform carries out operations on the data (column 3, lines 38-67, column 4, lines 1-10, column 5, lines 23-54 and column 6, lines 32-49);

the method comprising verification of the reliability of the data before installation of the data and an associated access profile, and loading of a digest of protected data and an associated access profile into the platform trusted module, whereby the digest is used by the data protector and/or

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secure operator before execution of the data (column 8, lines 61-67, column 9, lines 1-17, 40-57).

- 30. Regarding claim 38, Muftic discloses a platform trusted module, and wherein the platform trusted module and the portable trusted module are adapted for mutual authentication, wherein the platform trusted component contains a secure result of a one-way function on the data and associated access profile, and the data protector prevents the operation from being carried out if calculation of the one-way function provides a result different from the secure result (Figure 1, column 3, lines 46-61, column 5, lines 30-47, 55-67, column 6, lines 1-4, 31-31, column 7, lines 61-67, column 8, lines 1-23 and column 16, lines 35-46).
- 31. Regarding claim 39, Muftic discloses a portable trusted module containing a user identity, wherein a trusted module is a component adapted to behave in an expected manner and resistant to unauthorized external modification (column 2, lines 28-30, column 3, lines 26-28, 38-42, column 4, lines 6-10 and column 6, lines 32-49);

the portable trusted module containing a user access license specifying access rights to data associated with the removable trusted module (column 5, lines 48-54).

- 32. Regarding claim 40, Muftic discloses a portable trusted module located within a smart card (column 2, lines 28-30, column 3, lines 26-28, 38-45 and column 4, lines 6-10).
- 33. Regarding claim 41, Muftic teaches a method of restricting operations on data in a system comprising:

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a computer platform having an access controller specifying license permissions of users with respect to the data (column 3, lines 46-67, column 4, lines 1-10 and column 5, lines 23-54); enabling use of the data (column 5, lines 48-54, "authorizing the activity"); a portable trusted module containing a user identity, wherein a trusted module is a component adapted to behave in an expected manner and resistant to unauthorized external modification (column 2, lines 28-30, column 3, lines 26-28, 38-42, column 4, lines 6-10 and column 6, lines 32-49);

the method comprising a request for a policy check by the operating system of the computer platform to the access controller before acting upon the data, by ending to the access controller the name of the target data plus the intended operation (column 9, lines 47-57 and column 10, lines 38-41);

the access controller checking the restrictions associated with the target data to determine whether the data may be operated upon (column 5, lines 55-67 and column 6, lines 1-4, 19-31);

replying to the operating system (column 5, lines 48-54, column 6, lines 25-31). [A response is given in the form of "authorizing" or denying access to the data.]

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

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The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

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34. Claims 16 and 25 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Muftic as applied to claims 2 and 21 above (respectively), and further in view of U.S. Patent No. 6,091,835 to Smithies et al., hereinafter Smithies.

The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham* v. *John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:

- 1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
- 2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
- 3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
- 4. Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.
- 35. As per claims 16 and 25, Muftic discloses the invention substantially as claimed in claims 2 and 21, respectively, but fails to disclose wherein the platform trusted component is adapted to log requests to the operating system to perform particular operations on the data.
- 36. However, Smithies discloses wherein the platform trusted component is adapted to log requests to the operating system to perform particular operations on the data (column 11, lines 51-67, column 16, lines 39-60, column 19, lines 16-24, column 26, lines 37-42, column 27, 49-60, column 42, lines 53-67 and column 43, lines 1-11).

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37. The motivation to do so would be to "confirm specifics such as that the affirming party is in fact the identified party" (Smithies - column 7, lines 23-25, column 8, lines 15-43, column 9, lines 64-67 and column 10, lines 1-13).

- 38. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one ordinarily skilled in the art at the time the invention was made to employ the teachings of Smithies within the system of Muftic to obtain the claimed invention because it would restrict access to the desired data, document, etc. to only those possessing authorized access credentials.
- 39. Claim 17 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Muftic as applied to claim 6 above, and further in view of U.S. Patent No. 6,091,835 to Smithies et al., hereinafter Smithies.
- 40. As per claim 17, Muftic discloses the invention substantially as claimed in claim 6, but fails to disclose wherein the portable trusted component is adapted to log requests to the operating system to perform particular operations on the data.
- 41. However, Smithies discloses wherein the portable trusted component is adapted to log requests to the operating system to perform particular operations on the data (column 11, lines 51-67, column 16, lines 39-60, column 19, lines 16-24, column 26, lines 37-42, column 27, 49-60, column 42, lines 53-67 and column 43, lines 1-11).
- The motivation to do so would be to "confirm specifics such as that the affirming party is in fact the identified party" (Smithies column 7, lines 23-25, column 8, lines 15-43, column 9, lines 64-67 and column 10, lines 1-13).
- 43. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one ordinarily skilled in the art at the time the invention was made to employ the teachings of Smithies within the system of

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Muftic to obtain the claimed invention because it would restrict access to the desired data, document, etc. to only those possessing authorized access credentials.

- 44. Claim 23 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Muftic as applied to claim 21 above, and further in view of U.S. Patent No. 5,870,723 to Pare et al., hereinafter Pare.
- 45. As per claim 23, Muftic discloses the invention substantially as claimed in claim 21, but fails to teach wherein before execution of the data, the data protector checks that there are not multiple copies of the data stored within the computer platform and prevents data execution if there are multiple copies.
- 46. However, Pare teaches wherein before execution of the data, the data protector checks that there are not multiple copies of the data stored within the computer platform and prevents data execution if there are multiple copies (column 13, lines 12-19, 26-49). Pare only allows one copy of data and other software to be stored, thus preventing multiple copies from existing.
- 47. The motivation to do so would be "that even successful capture and dissection of a given future key table does not reveal messages that were previously sent" (column 19, lines 43-57).
- 48. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one ordinarily skilled in the art at the time the invention was made to employ the teachings of Pare within the system of Muftic to obtain the claimed invention because it would better resist attempts to obtain access to protected via a stolen access code, identifier, credential, etc.

Double Patenting

A rejection based on double patenting of the "same invention" type finds its support in the language of 35 U.S.C. 101 which states that "whoever invents or discovers any new and useful process ... may obtain a patent therefor ..." (Emphasis added). Thus, the term "same invention," in this context, means an invention drawn to identical subject matter. See *Miller v. Eagle Mfg. Co.*, 151 U.S. 186 (1894); *In re Ockert*, 245 F.2d 467, 114 USPQ 330 (CCPA 1957); and *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970).

A statutory type (35 U.S.C. 101) double patenting rejection can be overcome by canceling or amending the conflicting claims so they are no longer coextensive in scope. The filing of a terminal disclaimer <u>cannot</u> overcome a double patenting rejection based upon 35 U.S.C. 101.

- 49. Claim 27 is provisionally rejected under 35 U.S.C. 101 as claiming the same invention as that of claim 27 of copending Application No. 10/049211. This is a provisional double patenting rejection since the conflicting claims have not in fact been patented.
- 50. The referenced application (10/049211, hereinafter "211") anticipates the invention disclosed in this application, hereinafter "213" as follows:
- 51. Both "211" and "213" disclose a trusted module found within the platform.
- The "removable, trusted module" of "211" is the same as the "portable trusted module" found in "213" for the portability of the module in "213" indicates that it can, in fact, be removed as found in "211".
- 53. Within "211", it is inherent that a form of "access profile" as mentioned in "213" is required when performing "the license-check with reference to the user identity" of "211". A check occurs by conducting a comparison of the given credentials with those within a profile containing a list, table, etc. of users that are licensed to use the particular

data. Hence, an "access profile" of some sort would exist within the invention found in "211".

- 54. The "secure operator" of "213" is a generic form of the "secure executor" of "211", thus a genus-species relationship is established between the two applications.
- There is an explicit and implicit relationship between these two applications regarding the success and prevention of access to the requested operation/data. Within "213" there is an explicit recitation relating to the lack of success of the licensing of a user ID regarding the requested operation, in the form of the trusted module being able to "prevent the requested operation if a license is required and not present." It would be inherently understood that while prevention will occur; successful access to the requested operation would occur, pending a successful license-check. In "211", the success of obtaining access is explicitly stated with respect to the license check of the user identity. It would be inherent that should there be a failure in licensing the requested operation for the user identity given, that the trusted module would perform a function/operation that would prevent said user from obtaining unlicensed access to any operation and/or data found within the platform.
- 56. Similar anticipatory arguments between "211" and "213" can be made regarding claims 1, 2 and 4 of "213".

Conclusion

57. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Jeremiah Avery whose telephone number is (571) 272-8627. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday thru Friday 8:30am-5pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Ayaz Sheikh can be reached on (571) 272-3795. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).